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| **Joint Collaborative Team on 3D Video Coding Extension Development**  **of ITU-T SG 16 WP 3 and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29/WG 11**  1st Meeting: Stockholm, SE, 16–20 July 2012 | Document: JCT2-A0076 |

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| *Title:* | **CE5.h Summary Report : Motion/mode Parameter Prediction** | | |
| *Status:* | Input Document | | |
| *Purpose:* | Report | | |
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| *Source:* | CE Coordinator | | |

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# Abstract

A summary of proposals and cross-check results of 3DV-CE5.h is reported.

1. **Introduction**

A summary of proposals and cross-check results of 3D-CE5.h is reported. Two options within the HTM reference SW for disparity vector generation were made available as per the decisions at the 100th meeting as follows:

1. The PDM-based approach
2. Inter-view motion vector-based approach (the result of harmonization of m25024, m24989, m24937 based upon Qualcomm’s SW implementation of m24937)

The mandates of the CE included:

1. To investigate potential benefits of combining the idea of GDV (Global Disparity Vector) with the inter-view motion vector-based approach. In this investigation, the inter-view motion vector-based approach (i.e., option B above) will be used as anchor.
2. To compare pros and cons of the two approaches (i.e., options A and B) for generating disparity vector in terms of coding efficiency and complexity

Participants with proposals at this meeting in CE5.h are as follows:

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| --- | --- | --- |
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| MediaTek | Jian-Liang Lin | N/A |

1. **List of input documents**

A total of 22 input contributions were gathered in this category, among which were 11 proposals.

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| **Participants** | **Doc No.** | **Title** | **Type** |
| Sharp | [JCT2-A0013](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=19) | 3D-CE5.h related: Simplification of depth-based inter-view prediction | Proposal |
| Sharp | [JCT2-A0014](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=20) | 3D-CE5.h related: Simplification of AMVP | Proposal |
| Samsung | [JCT2-A0031](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=23) | 3D-CE5.h related results on improved residual prediction | Proposal |
| MediaTek | [JCT2-A0047](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=39) | 3D-CE5.h related: Simplification on disparity vector derivation for HEVC-based 3D video coding | Proposal |
| MediaTek | [JCT2-A0048](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=40) | 3D-CE5.h related: Pruning process for inter-view candidate | Proposal |
| MediaTek | [JCT2-A0049](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=41) | 3D-CE5.h related: Inter-view motion prediction for HEVC-based 3D video coding | Proposal |
| Samsung | [JCT2-A0079](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=71) | 3D-CE5.h: Cross check on pruning process for inter-view candidate of MediaTek (JCT2-A0048) | Cross-Check |
| Samsung | [JCT2-A0080](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=72) | 3D-CE5.h: Cross check on simplification of depth-based inter-view prediction of Sharp | Cross-Check |
| Qualcomm | [JCT2-A0095](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=87) | 3D-CE5.h related: Bug fix for independent estimated depth maps of non-base views in CTC | Bug-Fix |
| Qualcomm | [JCT2-A0096](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=88) | 3D-CE5.h related: Improved merge mode for inter-view predicted motion | Proposal |
| Qualcomm | [JCT2-A0097](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=89) | 3D-CE5.h: Disparity vector generation results | Proposal |
| LG | [JCT2-A0126](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=142) | 3D-CE5.h: Simplification of disparity vector derivation for HEVC-based 3D video coding | Proposal |
| INRIA | [JCT2-A0131](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=147) | CE5.h related: Information on the impact of the merge candidate list pruning process on side views encoding | Information |
| HHI | [JCT2-A0132](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=148) | 3D-CE5.h related: Cross check of independent estimated depth maps of Qualcomm | Cross-Check |
| INRIA | [JCT2-A0133](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=149) | CE5.h related: Reducing the coding cost of merge index by dynamic merge candidate list re-ordering | Proposal |
| INRIA | [JCT2-A0134](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=150) | CE5.h related: Merge candidate list extension for disparity compensated prediction | Proposal |
| Qualcomm | [JCT2-A0137](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=153) | 3D-CE5.h related: Cross check of JCT2-A0126 of LG | Cross-Check |
| Qualcomm | [JCT2-A0139](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=155) | 3D-CE5.h related: Cross check of Inter-view motion prediction of MediaTek | Cross-Check |
| NTT | [JCT2-A0141](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=157) | 3D-CE5.h related: Cross-check report of JCT2-A0031 on improved residual prediction | Cross-Check |
| Sony | [JCT2-A0142](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=158) | 3D-CE5.h related: Cross-check report of JCT2-A0095 on bug fix for estimated depth maps | Cross-Check |
| Sony | [JCT2-A0143](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=159) | 3D-CE5.h related: Cross-check report of JCT2-A0014 on simplification of AMVP | Cross-Check |
| LG | [JCT2-A0156](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=173) | 3D-CE5.h: Cross check report on Disparity vector generation results of Qualcomm | Cross-Check |
| LG | [JCT2-A0157](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=174) | 3D-CE5.h related: Cross check report on Improved merge mode for inter-view predicted motion of Qualcomm | Cross-Check |
| Orange | [JCT2-A0160](http://phenix.it-sudparis.eu/jct2/doc_end_user/current_document.php?id=170) | 3D-CE5.h related: Cross Check of Disparity Vector Derivation Simplification by MediaTek (JCT2-A0047) | Cross-Check |

1. **Summary of proposals & results**

* **JCT2-A0134 [INRIA] CE5.h related: Merge candidate list extension for disparity compensated prediction (Cross-Check N/A)**

HEVC implements a candidate vector list for merge and skip modes. The construction of this list has been extensively studied in the JCT-VC group (see for instance JCTVC-G039). It has been shown in JCTVC-I0293 that it is possible to improve the HEVC coding performance by adding in the merge list copies of the first candidate shifted by an arbitrary offset. The same basis is considered in this document and applied to disparity compensation. A gain of 0.4 % is obtained on average on side views.

* **JCT2-A0133 [INRIA] CE5.h related: Reducing the coding cost of merge index by dynamic merge candidate list re-ordering (Cross-Check N/A)**

HEVC implements a candidate vector list for merge and skip modes. When merge or skip modes are selected, a merge index is written in the bitstream. This index is first binarized using a unary code, then CABAC encoded. A CABAC context is dedicated to the first bin of the unary coded index while the remaining bins are considered as equiprobable. This strategy is efficient as long as the candidate list is constructed such as being ordered by decreasing index occurrence probability. In the context of 3D video encoding, an inter-view motion vector predictor is added at the first position of the candidate list. It is reported in this document that the inter-view motion vector predictor is not always the most probable candidate. It actually depends on the video sequence characteristics. Therefore, a dynamic candidate vector list ordering is proposed. Coding gains of 0.15 % on average are observed on side views and up to 1.1% is attained for the GTFly sequence view 2.

* **JCT2-A0097 [Qualcomm] CE5.h: Disparity vector generation results (Cross-Checked by JCT2-A0156)**

In the current 3DV-HTM software, disparity vectors can be estimated by two methods, and are used for inter-view motion prediction and inter-view residual prediction. One method is to maintain a depth map for each picture of each view and the depth map is generated from disparity motion vectors and predicted by propagating the depth map to a different time instance with temporal motion vectors and propagating the depth map to a different view using view synthesis. The other method, as proposed in m24937, derives a disparity vector from spatial and temporal neighboring blocks, once a disparity motion vector in any of the blocks is identified, the disparity vector is derived. The coding efficiency of the two methods is analyzed in the latest HTM software this proposal. It is reported that deriving the disparity vector from neighbouring blocks will reduce the complexity greatly and the cost in terms of compression efficiency is negligible.

* **JCT2-A0096 [Qualcomm] 3D-CE5.h related: Improved merge mode for inter-view predicted motion** **(Cross-Checked by JCT2-A0157)**

When inter-view motion prediction is enabled, the current HTM design of the merging candidate list includes an inter-view candidate from a dependent view. However, an inter-view candidate might be identical to existing spatial merging candidates in the merging candidate list. It is proposed to remove duplicated motion vector candidates with one addition step of pruning. Compared to the current HTM design, the proposed method achieves compression efficiency gain of 0.2%, 0.1% and 0.1% for coded views, synthesized views, coded and synthesized view, respectively, in terms of BD rate.

* **JCT2-A0013 [Sharp] 3D-CE5.h related: Simplification of depth-based inter-view prediction ( Cross-Checked by JCT2-A0080)**

This contribution presents a coding tool of depth-based inter-view prediction (CE5 related) for HTM and its simulation result. This proposed technique is for PDM-based approach with disparity vector generation. The proposal decreases number of samples needed for deciding disparity vector from a PDM block. The simulation result reports there is no coding loss in average comparing to the anchor HTM3.1.

1. **Closing Remarks**

It is recommended the CE be continued and consider the following mandates: