



JCTVC-I0230/M2714: Parameter sets modifications for temporal scalability and extension hooks

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Introduction

- **Motivation for changes to the base specification**
 - Temporal scalability
 - Hooks to enable future extensions
- **Proposed base specification changes**
 - Add Video Parameter Set
 - As proposed in JCTVC-H0388, but with some changes to proposed syntax
 - Modify SPS to contain vps_id
 - Rename reserved_one_5bits syntax in NAL unit header to layer_id_plus1
- **Proposed extension changes**
 - Modifications to the NAL unit header and VPS for future scalability and multiview extensions



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Video Parameter Set (VPS)

- Move temporal scalability related syntax elements from Sequence Parameter Set (SPS) to VPS
 - max_temporal_layers_minus1
 - temporal_id_nesting_flag
 - max_dec_pic_buffering[i], num_reorder_pics[i], max_latency_increase[i]
- Motivation
 - All NAL units in an access unit have the same value of temporal_id
 - “**temporal_id** specifies a temporal identifier for the NAL unit. The value of temporal_id shall be the same for all NAL units of an access unit.”
 - Same restriction will likely apply to all layers/views in scalability/multiview extensions
 - All layers/views will refer to same VPS, but have different SPS
 - Avoids need to duplicate in all SPS’s
 - In SVC, temporal_id_nesting_flag was in Scalability Information SEI message, which applied to all layers in a coded video sequence



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Video Parameter Set (VPS) 2

- **Add fixed length max_layers_minus1 syntax element**
 - Value restricted to 0 in the base spec
- **Move some VUI parameters from SPS to VPS**
 - Discussion of which parameters postponed until general VUI review
- **Add extension flag**



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Proposed VPS syntax

video_parameter_set_rbsp() {	Descriptor
max_temporal_layers_minus1	u(3)
max_layers_minus1	u(5)
video_parameter_set_id	ue(v)
temporal_id_nesting_flag	u(1)
for(i = 0; i <= max_temporal_layers_minus1; i++) {	
max_dec_pic_buffering[i]	ue(v)
num_reorder_pics[i]	ue(v)
max_latency_increase[i]	ue(v)
}	
vps_extension_flag	u(1)
if(vps_extension_flag)	
while(more_rbsp_data())	
vps_extension_data_flag	u(1)
}	
rbsp_trailing_bits()	
}	



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Proposed SPS syntax:

Add video_parameter_set_id, remove temporal scalability params

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seq_parameter_set_rbsp() {	Descriptor
profile_idc	u(8)
reserved_zero_8bits /* equal to 0 */	u(8)
level_idc	u(8)
seq_parameter_set_id	ue(v)
video_parameter_set_id	ue(v)
chroma_format_idc	ue(v)
if(chroma_format_idc == 3)	
separate_colour_plane_flag	log2_max_pic_order_cnt_lsb_minus4
max_temporal_layers_minus1	for(i = 0; i <= max_temporal_layers_minus1; i++){
pic_width_in_luma_samples	 max_dec_pic_buffering[i]
pic_height_in_luma_samples	 num_reorder_pics[i]
	 max_latency_increase[i]
if(pcm_enabled_flag)	
pcm_loop_filter_disable_flag	restricted_ref_pic_lists_flag
temporal_id_nesting_flag	ue(1)
if(log2_min_coding_block_size_minus3 == 0)	
inter_4x4_enabled_flag	u(1)
...	



Proposed Extension Changes



Terminology – as proposed in H0386/H0388



- **A Coded Video Sequence (CVS) contains one or more layers**
- **A Layer is a spatial, quality, view, or depth layer**
 - Each layer may refer separately to an SPS
 - Each layer uniquely identified by a layer_id
- **Temporal layers are not considered to be layers**
 - Temporal sub-layers are contained within a layer
- **A sub-bitstream is defined similarly as in SVC**
 - A sub-bitstream is derived as a subset from a bitstream by discarding a number of NAL units.

Proposed NAL Unit Header in extension:

Rename reserved_one_5bits syntax element to be layer_id_plus1



	Descriptor
nal_unit(NumBytesInNALunit) {	
forbidden_zero_bit	f(1)
nal_ref_flag	u(1)
nal_unit_type	u(6)
NumBytesInRBSP = 0	
nalUnitHeaderBytes = 1	
if(nal_unit_type == 1 nal_unit_type == 4 nal_unit_type == 5) {	
temporal_id	u(3)
reserved_one_5bits	u(5)
layer_id_plus1	u(5)
nalUnitHeaderBytes += 1	
}	
for(i = nalUnitHeaderBytes; i < NumBytesInNALunit; i++) {	
if(i + 2 < NumBytesInNALunit && next_bits(24) == 0x000003) {	
rbsp_byte[NumBytesInRBSP++]	b(8)
rbsp_byte[NumBytesInRBSP++]	b(8)
i += 2	
emulation_prevention_three_byte /* equal to 0x03 */	f(8)
} else	
rbsp_byte[NumBytesInRBSP++]	b(8)
}	
}	



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Proposed VPS in extension

- **VPS contains**
 - Mapping of layer_id_plus1 to dependency_id, quality_id, view_id, and depth_flag
 - Dependency relationships of the layers in a bitstream
 - Other information applicable to all slices across all (scalability or view) layers in the entire coded video sequence
- **In MVC, the view dependency information was included in the SPS, and repeated for each view**
 - More appropriate that it be included in the VPS rather than the SPS, because it applies to all views/layers
 - More bitrate efficient because duplication is avoided



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Motivations

- **Backwards compatible with existing HEVC design**
 - 5-bit layer_id_plus1 field never equal to '00000'
 - Avoids problems with start code emulation, MPEG-2 systems mapping
 - temporal_id maintained
- **Allows 31 active layers, with flexible allocation to spatial, SNR, view, depth layers**
 - Allows combination of temporal, spatial, SNR, view scalability
- **Application specifications or individual profiles could allocate bits to specific fields, while maintaining flexibility in the standard**
 - Example: 2 bits for view_id, 1 bit for depth_flag, 1 bits for dependency_id
 - Have 4 bits to allocate, not 5, in order to avoid value of '00000'
- **Simple “middle box” could perform bitstream extraction based on layer_id and temporal_id, more sophisticated “middle box” could consider VPS mappings**



Proposed VPS in extension

video_parameter_set_rbsp() {	Descriptor
max_temporal_layers_minus1	u(3)
max_layers_minus1	u(5)
temporal_id_nesting_flag	u(1)
video_parameter_set_id	ue(v)
for(i = 0; i <= max_temporal_layers_minus1; i++) {	
max_dec_pic_buffering[i]	ue(v)
num_reorder_pics[i]	ue(v)
max_latency_increase[i]	ue(v)
}	
bit_equal_to_one /* equal to 1 */	u(1)
if(max_layers_minus1 > 0) {	
extension_type	ue(v)
for(i = 1; i < max_layers_minus1; i++) {	
dependent_flag[i]	u(1)
if(dependent_flag[i]) {	
delta_reference_layer_id_minus1[i]	ue(v)
if(extension_type == 0 extension_type == 2) {	
dependency_id[i]	ue(v)
quality_id[i]	ue(v)
}	
if(extension_type == 1 extension_type == 2) {	
view_id[i]	ue(v)
depth_flag[i]	u(1)
}	
}	
}	
}	
vps_extension_flag	u(1)
if(vps_extension_flag)	
while(more_rbsp_data())	
vps_extension_data_flag	u(1)
rbsp_trailing_bits()	
}	

In base spec:

video_parameter_set_rbsp() {	Descriptor
max_temporal_layers_minus1	u(3)
max_layers_minus1	u(5)
video_parameter_set_id	ue(v)
temporal_id_nesting_flag	u(1)
for(i = 0; i <= max_temporal_layers_minus1; i++) {	
max_dec_pic_buffering[i]	ue(v)
num_reorder_pics[i]	ue(v)
max_latency_increase[i]	ue(v)
}	
vps_extension_flag	u(1)
if(vps_extension_flag)	
while(more_rbsp_data())	
vps_extension_data_flag	u(1)
rbsp_trailing_bits()	
}	



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Conclusions

- Proposed design is coding efficient and flexible
- Enables “middle box” to perform bitstream extraction