

Removal of cabac_zero_word for error detection/resilience (JCTVC-E329/m19857)

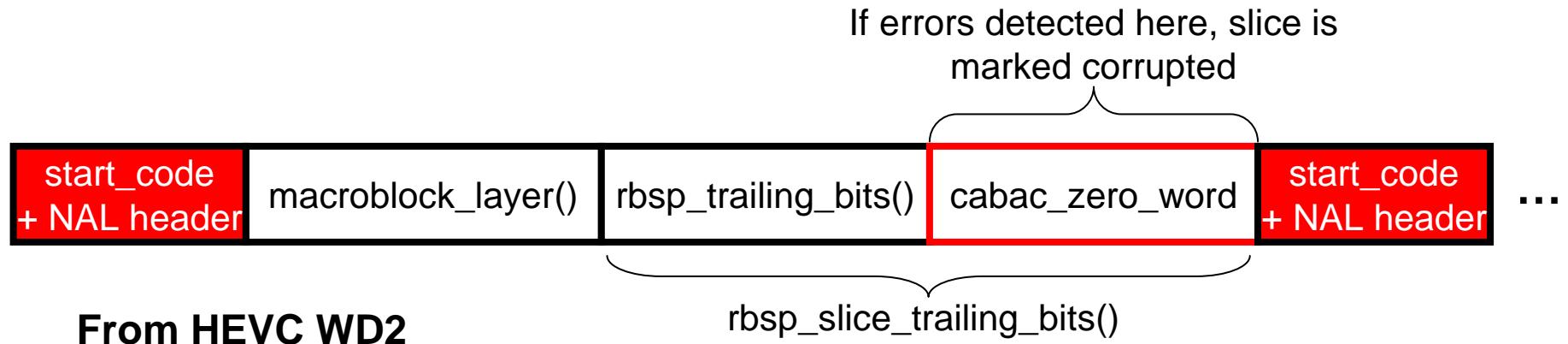
Yasutomo Matsuba, Vivienne Sze, Minhua Zhou

Texas Instruments Inc.

**Joint Collaborative Team on Video Coding (JCT-VC)
of ITU-T SG16 WP3 and ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11
5th Meeting: Geneva, CH, 16-23 March, 2011**

cabac_zero_word

- Inserted after rbsp_trailing_bits() to achieve desired bins to bits ratio
- For error detection, want to compare the number decoded bits for the slice with the current NAL unit size
 - cabac_zero_word changes the number bits per NAL unit; Before doing a comparison, must parse through the bytes after end_of_slice_flag=1 to ensure that they match the cabac_zero_word pattern and the above method of error detection cannot be directly used.

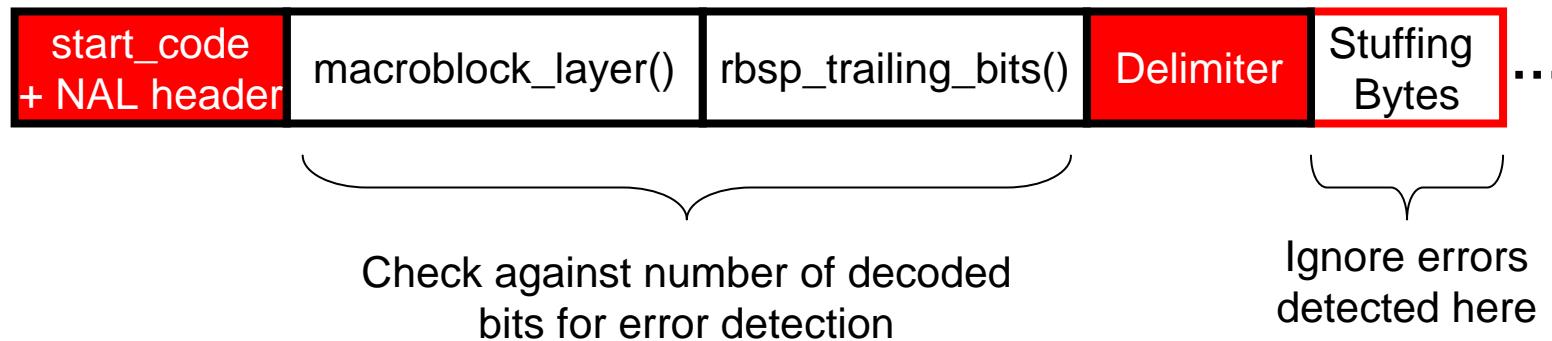


```
rbsp_slice_trailing_bits( ) {  
    rbsp_trailing_bits( )  
    if( entropy_coding_mode_flag )  
        while( more_rbsp_trailing_data( ) )  
            cabac_zero_word /* equal to 0x0000 */  
}
```

Recommend remove cabac_zero_word from remove from slice layer
(i.e. rbsp_slice_trailing_bits)

Alternative Byte Stuffing Methods

- Insert delimiter between cabac_zero_word and slice layer



- Place in separate NALU
- Use filler_RBSP
- Can this be addressed at a higher layer (not within the video codec layer)?

Conclusion

- Propose to remove cabac_zero_word from slice layer (i.e. rbsp_slice_trailing_bits) to
 - enable a simple method of error detection (i.e. improved error detection)
 - prevent false alarms (i.e. improved error resilience)